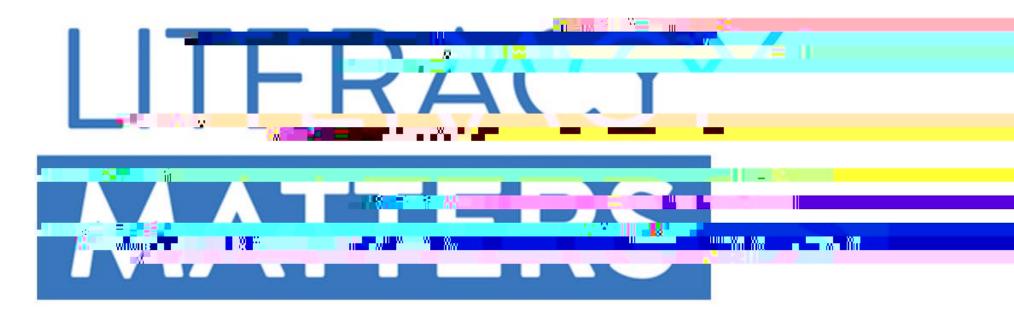
Defining Adult Literacy

```
f What does the term literacy mean to you?
f What skills does a literate adult have?
f Has the term or the skills needed over the last 5, 10, 15 years changed?
f How would you define adult literacy?
f Record on note pad f Let's discuss
```

Adult LitedeMay2.1.1 Ch2.1.1 a



In Canada, some groups are more likely to experience literacy challenges. They include:

- Canadians with fewer years of schooling
- Immigrants
- Indigenous peoples
- Older Canadians

Why does literacy matter?

- At home:
- At work:
- In the community:

At home

At work



In the

Adult Learner General Characteristics

- 9 Autonomous and seldirected
- 9 Have a foundation of life experiences and knowledge
- 9 Goal Oriented
- 9 Relevancy Oriented
- 9 Practical
- 9 Need to be shown respect



9Adult learners are autonomous and sedfirected

- Tutors must actively involved in studentin the learning process and serve as facilitators of learning rather than fact generators.
- Get participants' perspectives on the topics to cover and have learners work on projects that reflect their interests.



9Adult learners have a foundation of life experiences and knowledge

- Tutors need to connect learning to that knowledge and experience base.
- Encourage learners to share relevant experience and knowledge.



9Adult learners are relevancy oriented

- The learning has to be applicable to your student's life in some way
- Work, further education, personal, or other responsibilities



9Adult learners are practical

• They may not be interested in knowledge for knowledge's sake but rather focus on what is most useful to them.



9Adult learners need to be shown respect

• Tutors should acknowledge the abundance of experience and knowledge participants bring.

When working with an adult literacy learner...

- Emotional factors can impact learning.
- Work to build a strong partnership.
- Teach to their strengths and point out those strengths.
- Only focus on one or two areas of concern at any given time.
- Always identify what your student is doing well before identifying what they need to work on.
- Move with your student at a pace that feels comfortable to them.
- Work towards their goals and help them break those goals down into attainable parts.
- Capitalize on teachable moments and let the session go where it goes.



- Poverty
- Fear
- Insecurity
- Stress
- Fatigue

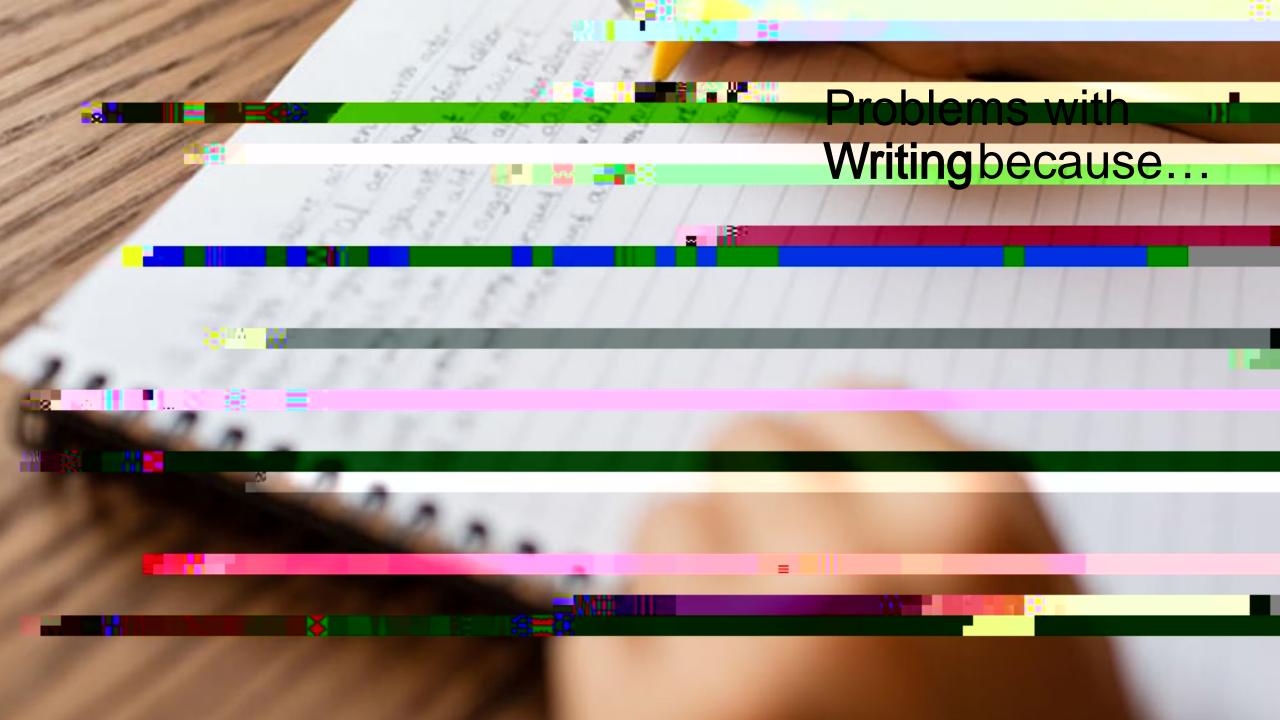
- Assumptions
- Attitudes
- Financial problems
- Trauma
- Low self esteem

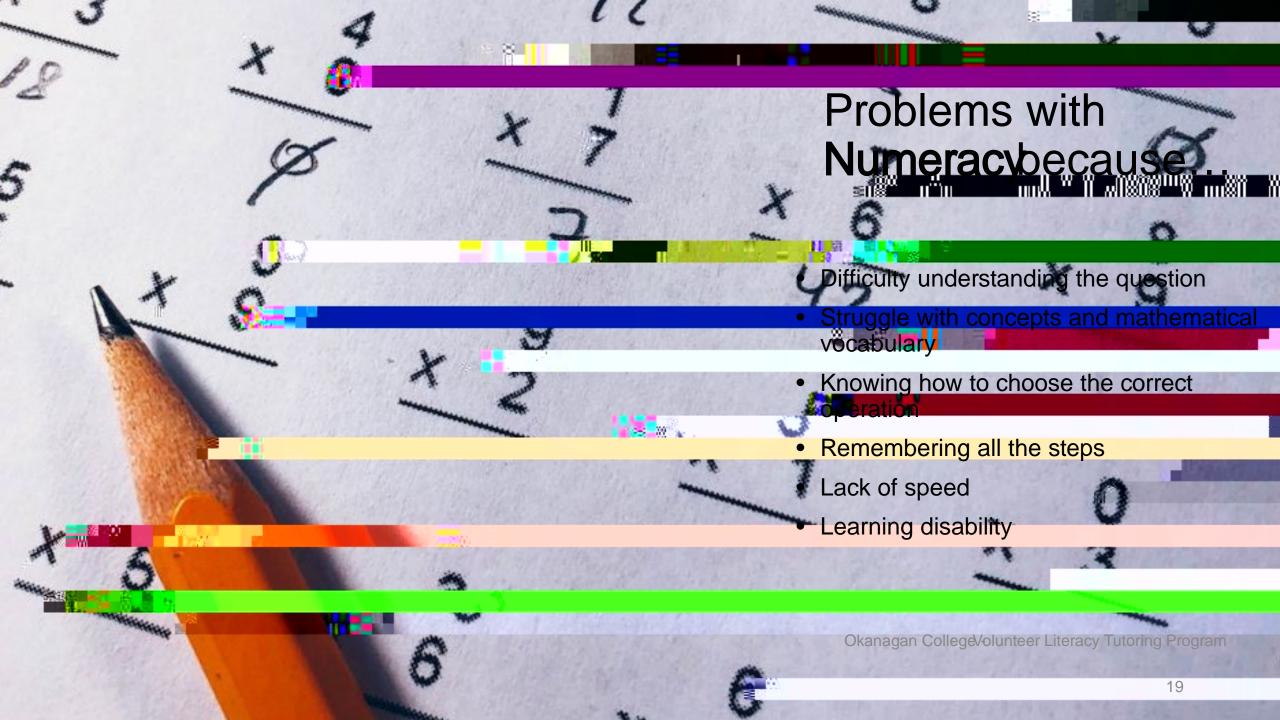
- Anxiety
- Lack of childcare
- Health issues
- Physical limitations



- Moved frequently
- Missed a lot of school
- Illness
- Lack of experience with text
- Not interested in reading materials that were presented
- Afraid of making mistakes
- Reading was not valued at home
- Poor vocabulary or oral skills
- Underdeveloped thinking skills
- Poor vision or hearing loss
- Emotional problems (a)
- Learning disability

anagan Ooil ge/olunteer Literacy Tutoring Program





Tutor's Role is...

- To attend trainingsession, workshops and other events.
- Tomeet once a week for 1.5 hours, ortwice a week for 1 hour at the college.
- To assume the role as a facilitator rather than a counsellor.
- Tocommunicateregularly with OC

- Todiscuss any concernor issues as soon as possible
- To make and keepspecific time commitment.
- To create awarm, safe and encouraging spactor the learner to grow in academic abilities and personal confidence.
- To notify the learner directly, if unable to tutor